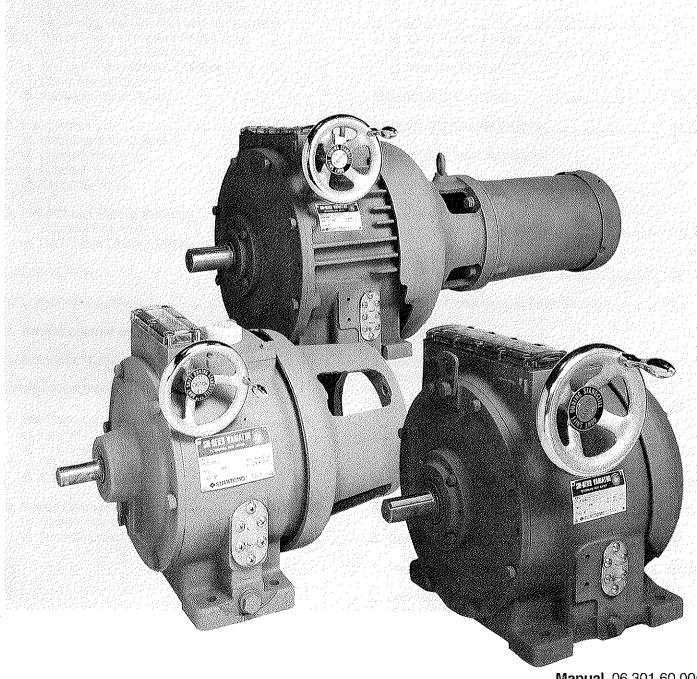


SM-BEIER VARIATOR Operating and Maintenance Manual



Manual 06.301.60.005

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GENERAL NOTES

1. Two Important Precautions

a) Operation of Handwheel

The speed change handwheel must not be turned unless the Variator is running, otherwise serious damage may occur. The discs are always in firm mesh with each other even when the unit is not running because the spring always produces a constant thrust. Any forcible dislocation of mesh can cause serious damage to the discs and spline shafts. (Therefore, remove handwheel from the drive wherever possible to prevent this occurrence.)

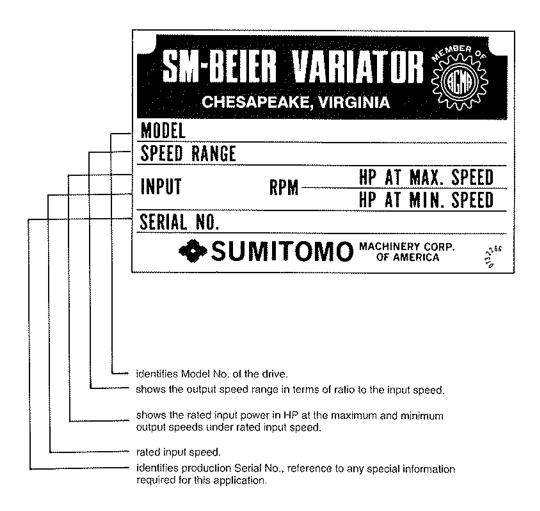
b) Lubrication

Maintenance of the lubrication oil is extremely important. It is the life blood of the wear life of all rotating components. The power is transmitted through the "contacts" of the flange and cone discs by means of hydrodynamic shear of an oil film. The breakage of an oil film due to deteriorated oils results in "galling" of the discs due to metal to metal contact. To maintain correct lubrication, please carefully study the chapter covering "Lubrication" on pages 6 and 7 before operating the drive.

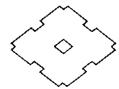
2. How to Identify Models

The Beier Variator is a fully standardized mechanical variable speed (V/S) drive and offers many various types and capacity models. Therefore, the identification of the drive in question is essential for after-sale service. All necessary information is written on the name plate which is secured to the casing. By reading both Model No. and Serial No. our records tell us everything about the drive and the correct spare parts can be issued.

a) Description on Name Plate (Example of Description for Model 15 AGY)



NOMENCLATURE

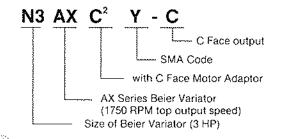


The basic nomenclature of the Beier and Beier-Cyclo Variator indicates shaft orientation, rated input power, unit size and input mounting: typical frame size designations follow:

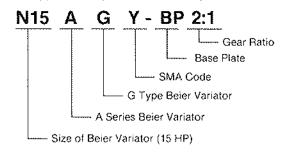
NOTES:

- 1) For vertical Beier, replace "H" with "V" designation.
- 2) C designation is replaced by M when TEFC motor is supplied by factory.
- 3) % HP, 1 HP, 1½ HP and 2 HP Beiers have similar nomenclature. Add SUFFIX -1 to distinguish between % HP (No -1) and 1 HP (which has -1). Same for 11/2 and 2 HP. No Dash 2 = 11/2 HP. -2 = 2 HP.

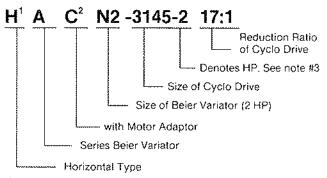
Beier Variator



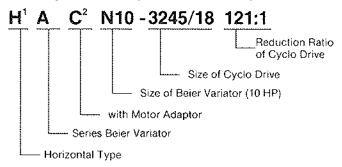
G Type Beier (Gear Reduction)



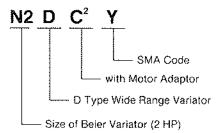
Beier-Cyclo Variator (Single Reduction)



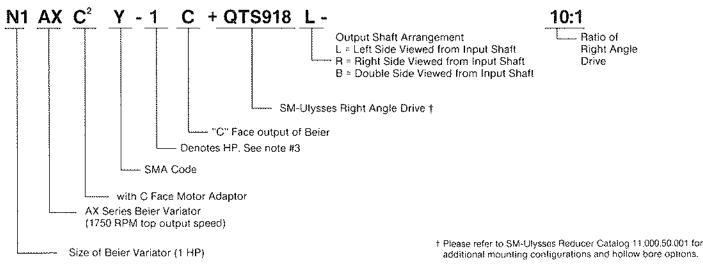
Beier-Cyclo Variator (Double Reduction)



D Type Beier (Wide Range)



Beier - Ulysses Right Angle Variator



additional mounting coaligurations and hollow bore options.

PREPARATION BEFORE OPERATION

1. Notes on Application Conditions

a) Shock Loading, Frequent Start/Stop, Reversing, High Inertia Load Application

The Beier Variator is designed to be usable at rated power and speed under steady, 24-hour-per-day load conditions. If the application includes severe operating conditions such as shock loading, frequent start/stop, reversing, and/or high inertia, selection of the Beier Variator should be reconsidered. Please consult our factory or your local distributor.

b) Thrust Load, Excessive Radial Load on the Shafts and Bearings

Thrust or excessive radial load is should not be applied on the shafts of Beier Variator. A quick way to check the Pitch Circle Diameter (P.C.D.) of a sheave or sprocket is that the **P.C.D. MUST NOT BE LESS THAN 5 TIMES THE SHAFT DIAMETER.** For allowable thrust and/or radial load capacity for each frame, please consult our factory.

c) Ambient Temperature, Outdoor, Dusty Atmosphere Standard Beier Variators are designed to be used from below 17°F to 125°F ambient, indoor and normal atmospheric conditions. For any other atmosphere, some consideration or modification is required. Consult our factory or our local distributor.

d) Allowable Input Power

The power rating for Beier Variator is determined on the basis of 4 pole, 6 pole or 8 pole electric motor drives, subject to the size. The rated input speeds are fixed at a maximum permissible, and under any circumstances, higher input speeds than specified on the name plate are not to be applied.

When the drive must be used at certain input speed lower than the catalogued standard rated input speed, the Input Power to the Beier Variator must be reduced in proportion to the input speed.

Under such condition, the following applies:

ALLOWABLE INPUT RATED INPUT X REDUCED INPUT SPEED POWER (HP) A RATED INPUT SPEED

Please note that the above will not apply to certain extremely low input speeds.

When the input speed goes lower than 500 RPM, the lubrication system must be reconsidered. Please consult factory or distributor, as forced lubrication may be necessary.

2. Installation

a) Mounting and Alignment

The base on which the Beier Variator is to be mounted must be rigid and smooth. Otherwise torsional external stress will be transmitted onto the casing, causing vibration and possible lubrication failure to the Beier components and bearings, etc. A suitable clear location for maintenance and ventilation is also an essential consideration for the installation. Shaft alignment and sheave/sprocket mounting should be done properly to minimize the shaft misalignment and overhung load.

b) Inclined Mounting

The DRIVE MUST BE INSTALLED ON A HORIZONTAL PLANE. Installation on inclined plane may cause oil leakage through labyrinth seals or lubrication failure to SOME BEARINGS. For inclined mounting, standard unit requires some modifications in sealing or oil level index or sometimes different lubrication system. Please consult factory or distributor where necessary.

c) Lubrication Oil

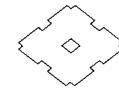
Our Beier Variators are shipped without lubrication oil. CAUTION: FILL DRIVE WITH LUBRICATION OIL BEFORE STARTING OPERATION. Lubrication systems vary as does the appropriate volume of oil in the varying models, types and capacities. Please refer to Chapter "Lubrication" for appropriate lubricant, amount, etc.

The rotation direction of the oil pump for the forced oil lubrication models is one directional and fixed. Please make sure of this rotation by checking the gauge before starting main drive.

For the forced lubrication with external oil cooling tank adopted in the model 50A, 50B, and larger, piping is required between the Beier Variator and the cooling tank. Instructions for this piping are given in the attached information on page 18.

d) Electrical Wiring – remote control and oil pump for "fail safe operation" into main motor circuit.

Other than the wiring to the main motor, when the Beier is equipped with electric remote control or requires external pump lubrication (horizontal type of 50A and larger, vertical type of N8AV and larger), interlocking of wiring connection of the main motor and auxiliary motor(s) is always recommended to avoid any accidental operation. Please refer to information for wiring on page 16.



3. Final Check Before Running

a) Rotating Directions

The rotating direction of the output shaft is tabulated as follows. Please check whether shaft rotation complies with your requirement.

Output Shaft Rotation vs. Input Shaft Rotation

A (Basic) Type	Reverse
AG (Reduction Gear) Type	Reverse
AE (Exchange Clutch) Type	Reverse
D (Wide Range) Type	Same Direction
AV (Vertical Basic) Type	Reverse
AVG (Vertical Reduction Gear) Type	Reverse

b) Back Stop, Locking Device, etc.

Before starting operation, all equipment should be examined. Motor fan should be turned manually to see that there are no obstructions. Devices such as back stop, locking device, etc. must be equipped properly so that their free, unobstructed rotation direction is correct, otherwise serious damage could occur.

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LUBRICATION

1. Lubrication System

According to the sizes and types, standard lubrication systems for Beier Variators are designated as the table below shows.

Horizontal Type

Model	Lubrication System
N05A - 40A (G.E.), N05D - N10D	Oil Splash Lubrication
50A - 200A (G)	Forced Lubrication by External Pump with Oil Cooler

Vertical Type

Model	Lubrication System
N05AV - N5AV (G)	Oil Splash Lubrication
N8AV - N40AV (G)	Forced Lubrication by External Pump
50AV - 200AV (G)	Forced Lubrication by External Pump with Oil Coole

Exceptions

Grease lubrication is required on the bearings specified below:

N8AV~200AV — Output Shaft Bearing

All AVG models - Slow Speed Shaft Bearing

For forced lubrication and forced lubrication with oil cooler systems, the oil flow chart is shown on pages 17 and 18. Location of the oil filter, drain plug and grease fitting are shown on page 18.

2. Recommended Lubricating Oil

Listed below are the *only* recommended oils to be used in SM-Beier Variable Speed Drives. Use of automotive

motor oils or oils containing extreme pressure additives are not recommended. The use of any oil other than those recommended will void all product warranties.

Recommended Lubricants for NA Type Beier

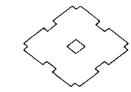
WARNING: DO NOT USE OILS CONTAINING E.P. ADDITIVES — OR AUTOMOBILE OILS							
		Am	bient Temperature F° (C	°)			
14° to 32° Manufacturer (-10° to 0°)			32° (0°	95° to 122° (35° to 50°)			
Gulf Oil Corp.	Harmony 46AW	Harmony 68AW	Harmony 100AW	Harmony 150AW	Harmony 220		
Exxon Co.	Nuto H46	Nulo H68	Terrestic 100	Terrestic 150	Terrestic 220		
Mobil Oil Corp.	Mobil DTE 25	Mobil DTE 26	Mobil DTE	Mobil DTE	Mobil DTE		
			Heavy	Extra Heavy	BB		
Shell Oil Co.	Tellus 46	Tellus 68	Tellus 100		_		
Texaco Inc.	Rando 46	Rando 68	Regal R&O 100	Regal R&O 150	Regal R&O 220		

Recommended Traction Oils for ND Type

Manufacturer	Ambient Temperature F° (C°) 14°-122° (-10°- 50°)
Sun Refining	Custom BV 750
Idemitsu Kosan	Daphne Alpha Drive P150
Mitsubishi Oil	Diamond TD Oil 150

NOTE: (1) For lubrication of ND Type BEIER VARIATOR, use recommended traction oil.

- (2) For CYCLO, use recommended lubricating oils.
- (3) Be careful not to mix lubricating oils for ND type BEIER VARIATOR and CYCLO or supply incorrect lubricating oils to these units.



3. Amount of Lubricating Oil

Remove the breather and fill with oil until the oil level reaches the upper red line on the oil level sight gauge. The lower red line on the oil gauge is the index for oil level during running. The oil level must always be kept above the lower red line during operation.

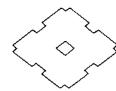
Some vertical models of reduction gear types (N05AVG ~ N10AVG) have two separate reservoirs for variable speed mechanism and reduction gear mechanism. Fill the oil in each separate reservoir to proper level. For your reference, appropriate amounts of oil for each model are tabulated at right.

Oil Quantity (Gallons)

	Ho	rizontal T	Vertical Type		
Size	A-Type	AG-Type	D-Type	A-Type	AG-Type
N05A, N1A	.18	.29	.32	.37	.69
N2A, N3A	.48	.58	.63	1.08	1.95
N5A, N8A	.98	1.37	1.27	2.00	3.96
N10A	1.14	1.98	2.30	1,72	2.64
15A	2.91	3.43		3.17	5.28
20A	2.64	5.28		3.43	6.34
30A, 40A	5.28	10.04		6.08	10.04
50A, 75A, 100A	14.79	25.89		25.36	28.53
150A	22.45			22.46	
200A	25.10	<u> </u>		25.10	

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OPERATION PRECAUTIONS



1. Starting

a) Forced Lubrication Drives

Operation of lubricating pump must precede the operation of main drive. Confirmation of oil circulation is strongly recommended before starting. The oil circulation can be checked by the pressure gauge fitted on the oil piping. To avoid operation without lubrication, interlocking of the electrical wiring between the main motor and the pump motor is always recommended.

b) E.R.C. (Electric Remote Control) Equipped Drives

Never switch on the pilot motor for remote control before the main drive is started. Interlocking of the electrical wiring is always recommended to avoid damage.

c) Comments on Starting ---How to Get Longer Wear Life

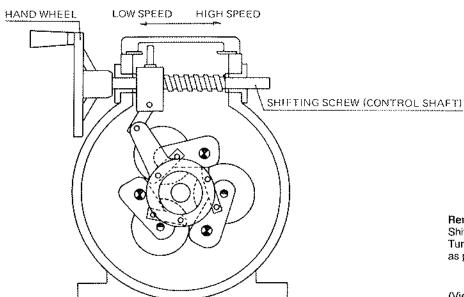
Higher torque than normal running torque could be applied to the power transmission components at starting and the acceleration torque generally increases in proportion of the speed to be reached. Therefore, it is always advisable to start the drive down on the slowest speed range of the Beier Variator. The Beler output torque rating at the lower speed range is much greater than that at the higher speed range by approximately twice for A-type.

2. Speed Change Operation

a) Manual Speed Change

Speed change of Beier Variator is performed by simply turning the handwheel and shifting screw. In the

standard drive, the relation of operation and performance is as follows:



(Viewed from output side)

Shifting Screw - Right-hand thread Turn numbers for full range speed change as per table below.

(Viewed from output side)

Number of Turns for Full Range Speed Change Operation

Models	N05A, N1A	N2A, N3A	N5A, N8A	N10A	15A	20A	30A, 40A	50A, 75A, 100A	150A, 200A
No. of Turns	27.4	25	33	28.5	24	21	26.5	27.5	24
Models	N05D-N1D	N2D-N3D	N5D-N8D	N10D		•	••		
No. of Turns	27.5	34.5	31.5	34.5				The table is also an	nlicable to V type

The table is also applicable to V-type.

b) Speed Change Operation by Remote Control System

The Remote Control System for Beier Variator is explained in our separate catalog "SM BEIER & SM BEISTER Mechanical Adjustable Speed Drives," Cat. No. 06.002.50.001. Meanwhile, several important points are to be remembered.

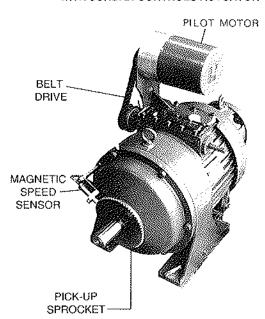
- Appropriate wiring connection to operator's switch box should be made to ensure proper operation by two push button operator device.
- · Speed change can be monitored by watching an external speed indicator.
- · Never allow slipping at the slip clutch (safety device for overrun) on the shifting screw.

c) Manual Override for Remote Control System

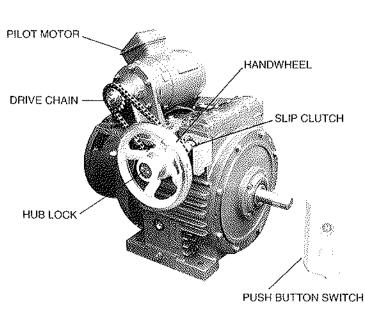
In case of pilot motor failure, chain failure or slip clutch wear, the remote control system can be bypassed by taking the following steps:

- Unscrew yellow hub lock knob in center of handwheel and pull handwheel back until the two (2) roll pins disengage handwheel from clutch hub.
- · The handwheel will now operate independently of the remote unit allowing manual speed variation.
- d) There are three (3) adjustment bolts on the slip clutch hub to adjust for wear in the friction discs. These should be checked and tightened slightly if the clutch

BEIER VARIATOR WITH JORDAN CONTROLS ACTUATOR



BEIER VARIATOR WITH STANDARD ELECTRIC REMOTE CONTROL



NOTE: Chain Guard is removed for display purposes

MAINTENANCE

1. Lubrication

a) Observation of Oil Level

Oil level must be carefully watched as frequently as possible. Keeping the oil at the required level is very important.

The appropriate oil level is:

Upper Red Mark — not operating Lower Red Mark — during operation

It is recommended to routinely observe the oil level in your daily inspection.

b) Oil Change

Suggested interval for oil change for NA type Beier is 500 hours after initial operation and every 2,500 hours thereafter. This is the recommendation for normal operation. Suggested interval for oil change for ND type Beier is 20,000 hours or 4-5 years after initial operation. Oil should be changed more frequently whenever deterioration is detected, since deterioration occurs in different operation hours subject to brand of oil, conditions of loading and surroundings.

c) Oil Selection for Ambient Temperature

The most important factor for the lubricant for Beier Variator is viscosity. When there are seasonal ambient temperature changes, change oil periodically to meet the viscosity requirement due to the respective ambient temperature.

For the maintenance b) and c) above, it is recommended that the maintenance records be attached to the drive. Keep record of (1) Date of the last oil change, (2) Brand of oil supplied, (3) Name of personnel who did it, etc.

d) Lubrication While the Drive Is Not Running

When the drive is brought to a halt for a considerable length of time after a period of operation, internal components tend to get rusted because of the deterioration of lubricating oil. Appropriate care should be taken for long periods with no operation.

- For a halt of 1 month or so, preserve the Drive after running-in with new oil.
- For a halt of 6 months or more, preserve after running-in with rust-preventive oil after complete flushing.

Also note that rust-preventive oil is not suitable for long continuous operation after the drive is restored to normal operation.

2. Other Check Points

During daily oil level inspection, give care to the following abnormalities that may be the first signs of some faults/failures occurring in the drive.

a) Excessive Temperature Rise

Feel or measure temperature on the casing. Allowable temperature rise measured on the surface of the casing is 86°F to 105°F over the ambient temperature. Excessive temperature rise can be attributed to various hidden causes. Please refer to "Trouble Shooting" on page 12 for details.

b) Abnormal Sound

Abnormal sound is the sign of damage or failure of components and it varies with the kind of component damage. Refer to "Trouble Shooting" on page 12 for details.

c) Oil Leakage

Oil leakage arises from various causes such as worn oil seal, loose housing fit, excessive oil, faulty gasket, etc. Since oil leakage causes other troubles, it must be quickly taken care of. For your reference, we show the sealing method for Beier Variator on the attached data on page 20.

d) Other Abnormal Performance

In addition to the above signs, several other abnormal performances may be found during operation though they may occur infrequently. They are increase of power consumption, vibration, fluctuating output speed, inability or difficulty of change speed, etc. These are fully explained in "Trouble Shooting" on pages 12 and 13.

3. Maintenance Overhaul

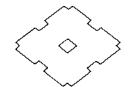
a) Overhauling Period

After two years of continuous operation, an entire maintenance overhaul is recommended.

This includes disassembly of the Beier Variator and inspection of the wear on components. For this purpose, assembly procedures and assembly drawings are explained in the following chapters.

b) Recommended Replacement Parts

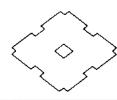
The main components, which yield to wear during operation, are cone discs, flange discs, spline shafts, gears, bearings and oil seals. As for numbers and location of spare parts, refer to "Table of Spare Parts" on pages 14 and 15. They must be carefully examined during overhauling, and replaced if necessary.



c) Warning Signals for Replacement

During overhaul, examine the following components carefully and replace them when the components show symptoms mentioned below.

Components	Symptoms			
Cone Discs	Breakage, Discolor due to seizure, Wear (reaching 20 microns), Flaw, Pitting/Spalling, Galling			
Flange Discs	Wear of rim, Pitting/Spalling, Galling, Discolor due to seizure.			
	Note: Slight pitting, spalling, flaw or burr on the rim of flange disc can be corrected by an oil grind lapping stone.			
Bearings	Wear, Fatigue, Discolor, Broken Retainer.			
Spine Shafts, Input Shaft with Spline	Fatigue on spline (see fig. below), Discolor due to seizure, Fatigue of Key and keyseat.			
	Depth exceeding 0.1mm requires replacement.			
Oil Seal	Wear, Loss of elasticity.			
Gears	Pitting, Spalling, Discolor due to seizure, Flaw, etc.			
Casing & Cover	Frequent speed change operation causes wear in the hubs on the casing and cover which supports swing shaft. Creep due to wear exceeding 0.1mm requires replacement.			



Causes Countermeasures

PROBLEM 1 — TEMPERATURE RISE

(Temperature on the casing exceeding 105°F over Ambient temperature.)

Heat generation due to shortage of oil or deterioration.	Replenish or change oil.
Over-slippage due to overload.	Measure input power of motor at the lowest speed, and remove the causes for overload.
Wear of disc.	Resistance can be felt in manual speed change operation. Replace worn discs.
Broken component or faulty assembly.	Usually attended by abnormal sound. Disassemble and inspect the drive.

Other than the above, lack of oil on the lip(s) of oil seal causes temperature rise on the oil seal. Lubricate lip of oil seal.

PROBLEM 2 — ABNORMAL SOUND

Rolling Noise	
Broken discs or bearings.	Replace discs or bearings.
High Cyclic Metallic Sound	
Damage to the gears.	Correct or replace gears according to the extent of damage.
Grinding Noise	
Rotating component in contact with unrelated parts due to faulty assembly.	Reassemble properly and replace parts if required.
Rattling Noise	
Loose fit of coupling, fan, etc. due to worn key.	Inspect the keys and replace if required.
Squeaking Noise	
Poor lubrication on the lip of oil seal.	Lubricate seal.
Sliding Noise	
Excessive corrosion on discs and bearings.	Corrosion tends to occur when oil deteriorates during long periods of no operation without appropriate care. Overhaul is required.
Sound Difference at certain speeds during speed char	nge operation
Excessive wear on a certain range of cone disc due to operation at one set speed.	Occurs with resistance for speed change operation. Operate drive at other speeds or replace discs.
Sound Difference according to load condition	
Usually no trouble.	Meshing sound of gears varies subject to load intensity. Care should be taken that no overload is applied to the drive.

Causes

Countermeasures

PROBLEM 3 — INCREASE OF INPUT POWER

Sudden increase at certain speed during speed change due to excessive wear at a certain range of cone discs.	Select other speed for operation or replace discs.
Higher viscosity of oil or more oil than required.	Replace oil or reduce oil to the proper level.
Rotating component in contact with other unrelated parts.	Occurs with noise. Reassemble properly.
Overload.	Disengage with load and measure the no load input power.

PROBLEM 4 — VIBRATION

Weak foundation or loose mounting.	Reinforce the foundation and tighten the bolts.
Misalignment.	Correct misalignment.
Loose fitting or broken coupling, sheave or fan.	Replace key or coupling, sheave or fan itself.
Pulsation of belt or chain.	Determine the cause of pulsation.
Resonance caused by the vibration of other element.	Reduce or isolate the vibration of other element.

PROBLEM 5 — FLUCTUATION OF SPEED

Overload or lack of capacity.	Detect the cause for overload.
Wear of rim on flange disc.	Replace disc.
Movement of shifting screw by vibration.	Lock the handwheel.

PROBLEM 6 — OIL LEAKAGE

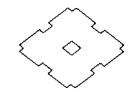
Fatigue or wear of oil seal.	Replace oil seal.
Oil is overfilled.	Reduce oil to appropriate level.
Improper fitting of housing, cover, etc.	Check fit and fasteners.
Oil return hole clogged.	Clear the hole.

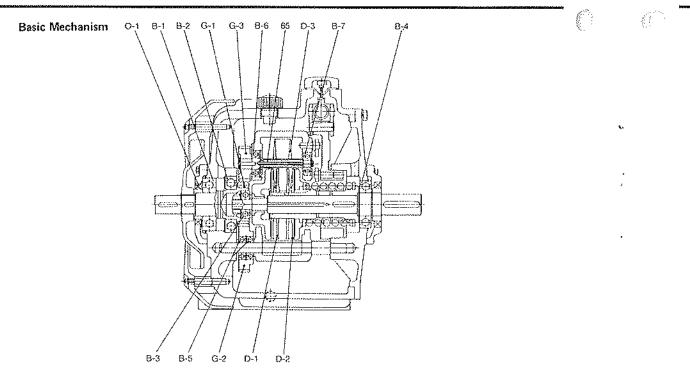
PROBLEM 7 — INABILITY OR DIFFICULTY OF SPEED CHANGE OPERATION

Broken disc (impossible to keep running).	Replace discs.
Fatigue of splined shaft or input shaft, where cone disc slides.	Correct or replace subject to the extent of fatigue.
Disengagement of disc meshing.	This tends to occur when severe peak load is applied under extreme high speed running. Reassembly is required.
Shifting nut is locked at extreme low or high speed.	Release shifting nut.



TABLES OF SPARE PARTS





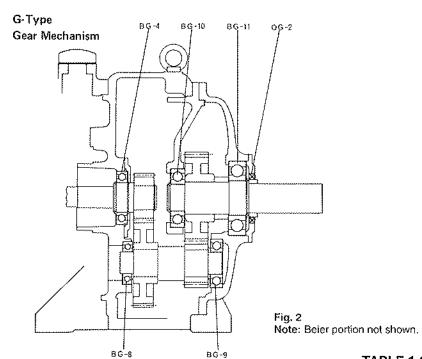


TABLE 1. (REFERRING TO FIG. 1, 2)

						BAS	SIC TYPE NA	, A (Fig. 1)												BUILT	-IN GEAR	TYPE AG	(Fig. 2)	
Name				BEARING	}			OILS	SEAL		DISC					GEAR		SPLINE			BEARING			OIL SEAL
.ocation	INPL SHAI			TPUT IAFT	SWING SHAFT	1 -	LINE HAFT	INPUT SHAFT	OUTPUT SHAFT	FLANGE DISC I	FLANGE DISC II	CONE DISC			INPUT SHAFT	SWING SHAFT	SPLINE SHAFT		OUTPUT SHAFT	INTERM SHA	EDIATE	SLOW SHA	SPEED AFT	SLOW SPEED SHAFT
Part No.	B-1	B-2	B-3	*1 B-4	B-5	B-6	B-7	0-1	0-2	D-1	D-2	D-3			G-1	G-2	G-3	65	8G-4	BG-8	BG-9	BG-10	BG-11	OG-
N05A	0000				BUSH	HK0910	HK0509T2					3	······			_		_						
N1A	6003	6003	BUSH	6203NR	(3)	(3)	(3)	\$25408	S26428	1	2	6			1	3	3	3	6203NR	6201	6202	6305	6305LL	S2540
N2A	6305NR	6305	HK1612	6206NR	6201	6202	629	COFFOO	0000044	1		6	· · · · · · · · ·			_	_	_						
N3A	PINICUCO	5303	MK 1012	OZUDINM	6201	5202	psa	S35508	\$385811	2	2	9			1	3	3	3	6206NR	6203	6203	6307ZZ	6307ZZ	\$355
N5A	6307NR	6209	6302	6207NR	6202	6203	6300	S45629	\$507010	3		12				3	3	3	6207NR	NJ305	NJ306	NJ306	6200	0457
N8A	000//	0200	0002	02071111	(6)	(3)	(3)	043023	3307010	4	2	15	ī	.		3	3	,	OZUMN	RAJOOD	145300	MASOD	6309	\$4570
N10A	6307NR	6210	6304	6208NR	6202 (6)	6203 (3)	6300 (3)	\$45629	S507212	5	2	18			1	3	3	3	6209NR	6308	6309	NJ308	6312	\$6082
15A	6210NR	6212	6305	6211NR	6204 (6)	6305 (3)	6303 (3)	S628512	S558514	7	2	24		•	1	3	3	3	6211NR	6208	NJ308	NJ310	6313	S7092
20A	6213NR	6213	6306	6212NR	6006 (6)	6403 (3)	6303 (3)	\$8511013	S609014	8	2	27			1	3	3	3	6312NR	6309	NJ310	NJ312	6412	S8511
30A	6214	6014	6207	6242A)D	3206	6405	6404	010010510	0050040	10		33		·	1	3	3	2	COLONIO	6040	11040	NEGGE		D10010
40A	6314	6314	6307	6313NR	(3)	(3)	(3)	\$10012513	5659012	11	2	36			1	3	ა	3	6313NR	6212	NJ312	NF315	6416	\$10012
50A			00010		(6)	(3)	(3)			8		27		(4.)		3	3	3						
75A	6318ZNRS	6322	22310 51115 51124	23122NR	6207 (8)	6406 (4)	6405 (4)	S11014014	S11014014	8	2	36			1	4	4	4	23122NR	6318	NJ318	SE TAE	BLE	S1251
100A			51124		(12)) (6)	(6)			9		60				6	6	6				1-	-2	

TABLE 1-2

Ratio	50A	75A	100A
1/2			
1/3	BG-10:	NJ319	
1/4	BG-11 :	23124	
1/5			
1/6	BG-10 :	NJ321	
1/7	BG-11:	23126	

Remark: 1. Figures in above column show the number of the part used for one complete unit or the size No. of bearings and oil seats, whose number used per unit is one (1) unless otherwise specified in parentheses.

2. In G-type, B4 bearings are replaced with BG-4 bearings.

3. For Vertical type, the above table applies except for bearings and oil seats or input and output shaft.

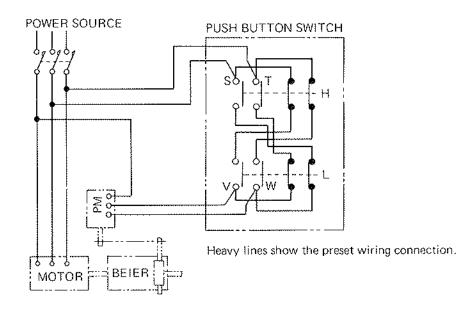
ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

1. Wiring Charts

a) Beier Variator with Electrical Remote Control

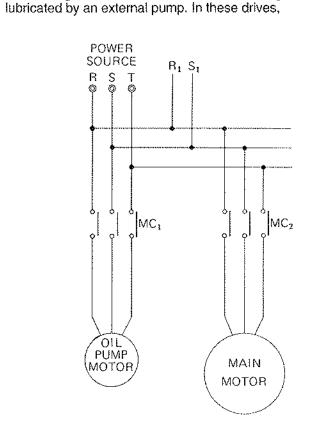
Speed change operation, while the main drive is not in use, will damage the internal mechanism of Beier

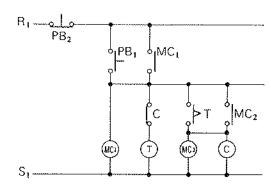
Variator. To prevent misoperation, wiring shown below assures "fail safe" operation.



b) Beier Variator Lubricated with External Pump As mentioned in previous chapters, vertical units of N8A or larger and horizontal units of 50A or larger are

lubrication system must be put into operation prior to the starting of the main drive. Following is an example of wiring for fail safe operation.





MC₁ = Magnetic Switch (Oil pump motor)

MC₂ = Magnetic Switch (Main motor)

PB₁ = Push Button Switch (Start)

PB₂ = Push Button Switch (Stop)

T = Timer (30 ~ 60 sec)

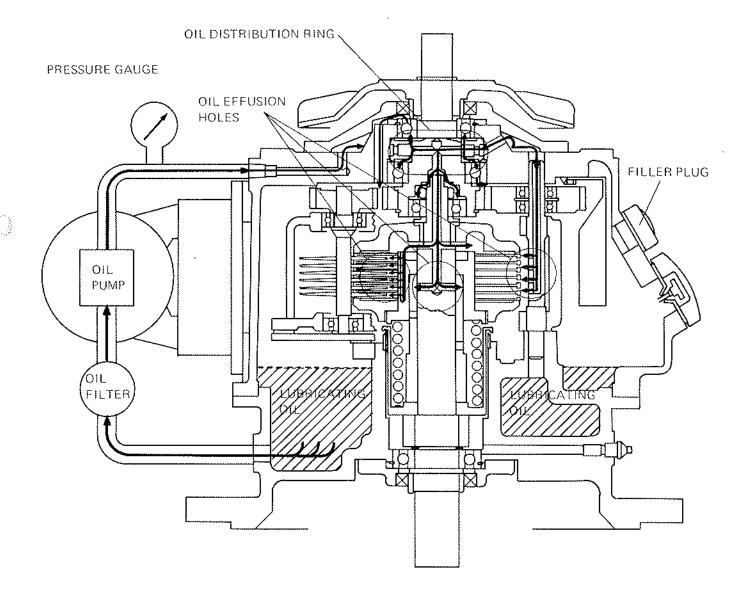
C = Relay (For Timer)

2. Lubrication System — Piping and Flow Chart

a) Vertical Drives N8A and Larger

These units are shipped fully equipped with a pump incorporating a motor, a filter, an oil flow gauge and piping. The flow chart below shows a typical arrange-

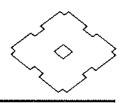
ment of the lubrication system. Oil distribution ring and oil effusion holes marked below play important roles in lubricating all parts of the mechanism.











b) Extra-Large Units Incorporating Oil Cooler — 50A and Larger

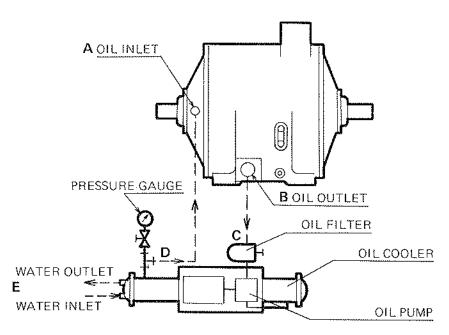
These units, including horizontal and vertical types, are shipped with a separate oil cooling water jacket equipped with an oil pump driven by an electric motor.

Installation and Pipe Arrangement

1) The cooling tank should be installed on a horizontal plane close to the main unit. If installed remote from the main drive insufficient pumping of oil or bad lubrication will result. Appropriate position of the cooling tank is within 0.5 m above or 1.5 m below the level of main drive and within 3 m of the drive. The installation of the cooling tank and pipe arrangement should be done properly at the installation site in accordance with instructions given below.

 Referring to the schematic diagram shown below, pipe arrangement should be done between the main drive and the cooling tank and to water inlet and outlet properly.

Use pipe and assemble with minimum angle. The thread size at the joints of the main drive and oil tank are also tabulated below.

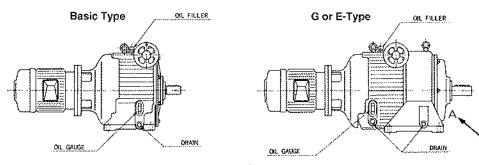


Piping shown by dotted line to be done at installation site.

	Α	В	С	D	E
Frame Size	oil inlet	oil outlet	oil intake	oil discharge	water inlet outlet
50 ~ 100A	PS 3/4 x 20 (depth)	PS 11/2	PT 1	PT 3/4	PT 3/4
150, 200A	PS 1 x 25 (depth)	PS 2	PT 11/4	PT 1	PT 1

3. Positions of Oil Filler, Drain and Grease Fitting

a) Horizontal Unit



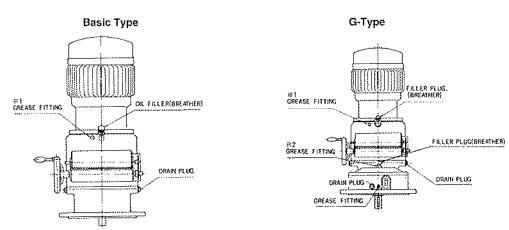
Oil gauges and drain plugs are mounted on both sides of casing.

b) Vertical Unit

As mentioned in the previous chapter, some of the bearings of vertical types are lubricated with grease separately from main oil lubrication system. The sketch

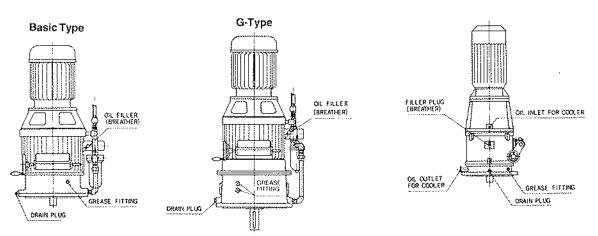
below shows the positions of grease fittings together with the positions of oil filler and drain plugs.

(i) Oil Splash Lubrication for N05 ~ N5AV(G)



- *1 grease fitting only for N3 and N5AV(G)
- *2 grease fittings are not on N05AVG
- (ii) Forced Lubrication for N8 ~ 40AV(G)

(iii) Forced Lubrication with Cooler for 50 ~ 200AV



Each fitting takes slightly different position in various types.

4. Sealing Mechanism of Beier Variator

Sealing mechanism around the shaft varies in accordance with the sizes and types of Beier Variator as shown in the tables below. The cross-sectional view of each mechanism is also shown in the sketches

below. When oil leakage is inspected, please investigate the problem, referring to the following information.

Sealing Mechanism

a) Horizontal

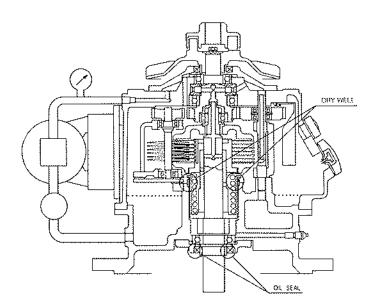
Model No.	Input Shaft	Output Shaft	Slow Speed Shaft for G-Type
N05A, N1A	Oil seal	Oil seal	Oil seal
N2A - 200A	Oil seal	Oil seal	Oil seal

b) Vertical

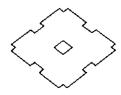
Model No.	Input Shaft	Output Shaft	Slow Speed Shaft for G-Type
N05AV	Oil seal	Oil seal x 2	Oil seal x 2
N2AV - N5AV	Oil seal	Oil seal x 2	Oil seal x 2
N8AV - 200AV	Oil seal	Dry Well + Oil seal	Dry Well + Oil seal

c) General View of Mechanism

Oil Seal & Dry Well



ASSEMBLY



General Notes for Disassembly and Reassembly

The disassembly or reassembly of a Beier Variator should be performed by an experienced fitter, referring to the procedures and assembly drawing shown in succeeding pages.

a) Guide for Dis/Reassembly Procedures

For dis/reassembly procedures, four typical examples are shown. Each can be a reference to specific models as shown in the list below.

Example 1 (15AM featuring a face cam compression mechanism) N05A to 200A

Example 2 (vertical type; oil bath and forced oil lubrication types)

For 20A, procedures in Example 1 can be a guide but these units incorporate a slightly different type of speed control mechanism called "Link Type" instead of "Shifting Ring Type" shown in the example.

b) Dis/Reassembly Tool Kit

It is strongly recommended to prepare and use special tools for dis/reassembly of Beier Variator. Typical tools are shown on the next page and shipped in a handy container assorted for specific size of Beier Variators.

c) General Precautions for Dis/Reassembly

Before Disassembly:

- Turn down the handwheel of Beier to extreme low speed before stopping the Beier for disassembly.
 The Beier is so designed to be easily disassembled under deep disc meshed condition (at low speed).
- 2. Pour out oil through oil drain situated below the oil gauge.

During Dis/Reassembly:

- Use a copper head or plastic head hammer in all cases. A steel head hammer could harm components.
- 4. A complete unit of Beier Variator is made up of several distinct sections, which in turn consist of large numbers of components, as shown in the procedures and assembly drawings. Grouping of each section is the key to fail-safe work.
- For normal replacement or overhauling, it is not required to disassemble Speed Control Section.
 Leave the section as assembled unless it should actually be required.

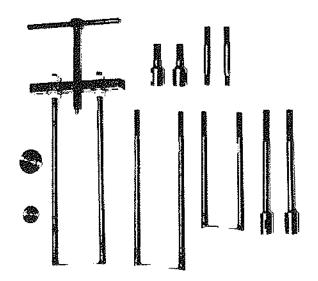
For Reassembly:

- Gaskets are to be replaced to restore to original oiltight conditions.
- 7. For replacement of discs, it is recommended to replace flange and cone discs completely even if damage found is partial. Cone discs or flange discs meshing with the same central flange disc(s) have to be replaced completely to assure even force distribution between the discs.

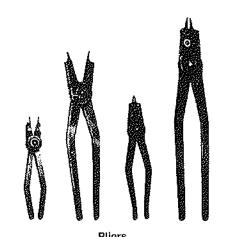
20

2. Assembly Tools

Because of the unique internal mechanism of the Beier Variator, special dis/reassembling tools shown below have been developed for safe and easy work. These tools are classified into several groups by their function and are designed to handle various sizes of Beier Variatior. These tools are shipped packed in a steel container to the client requesting them and are assorted for the size of Beier Variator. Usage of those tools is fully explained in the dis/reassembly procedures.



Spring binding tools of various lengths and extension plugs



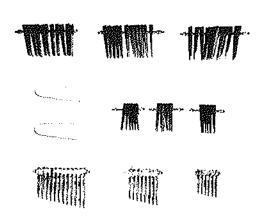
a) Size Classification

Small size tool kit — N05A, N1A, N2A, N3A, N5A, N8A, N10A, N05D, N1D, N2D, N3D, N5D, N8D, N10D

Medium size tool kit — 15A, 20A, 30A, 40A

Large size tool kit — 50A, 75A, 100A

b) Typical Assembly Tools by Function



Wedges and combs used for disc meshing

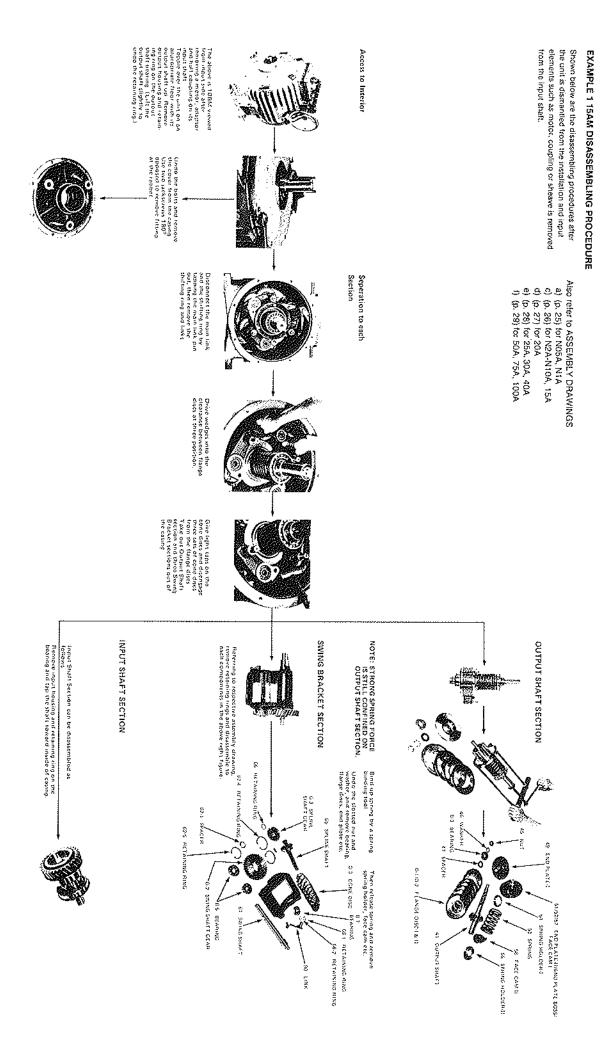


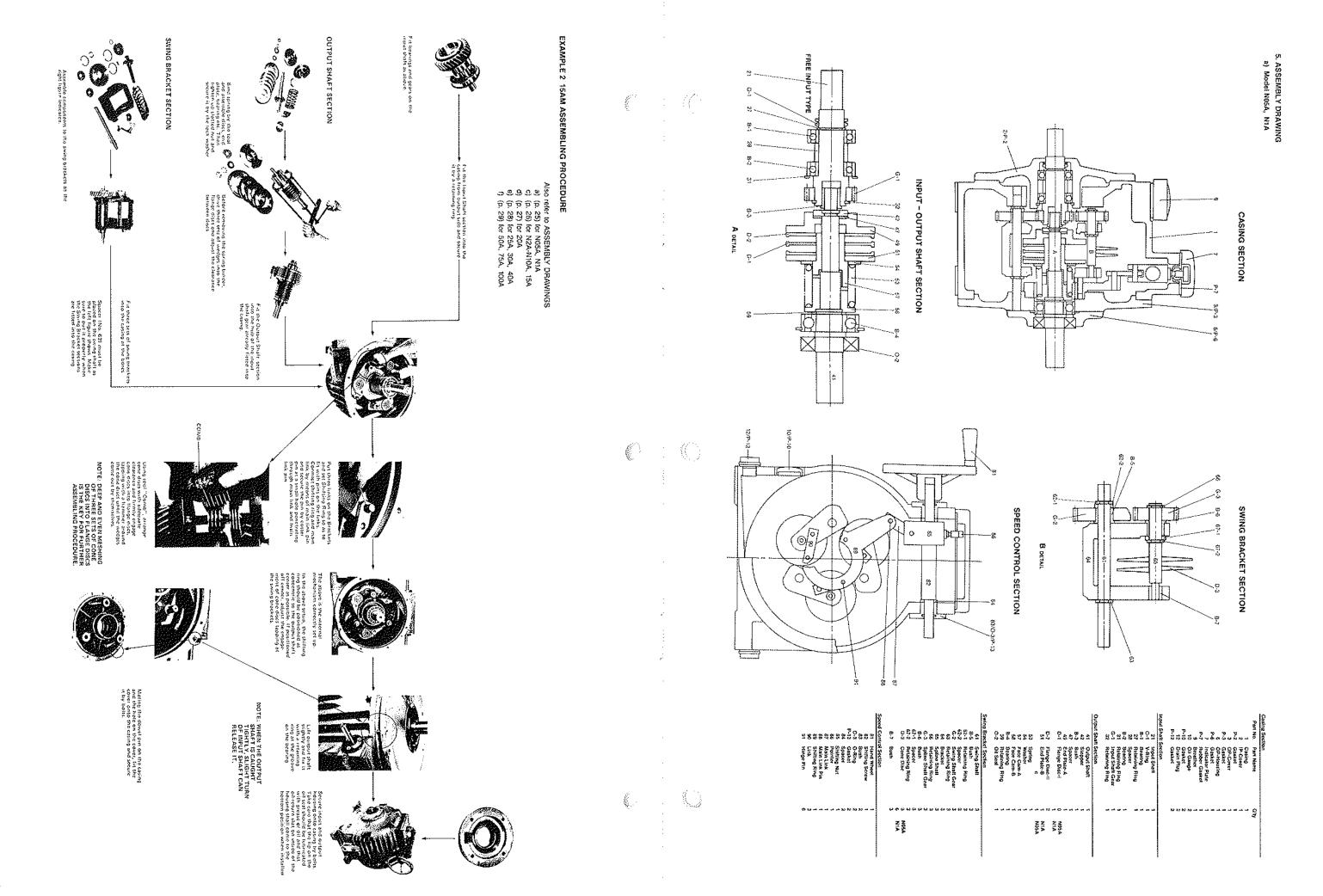
Test gear

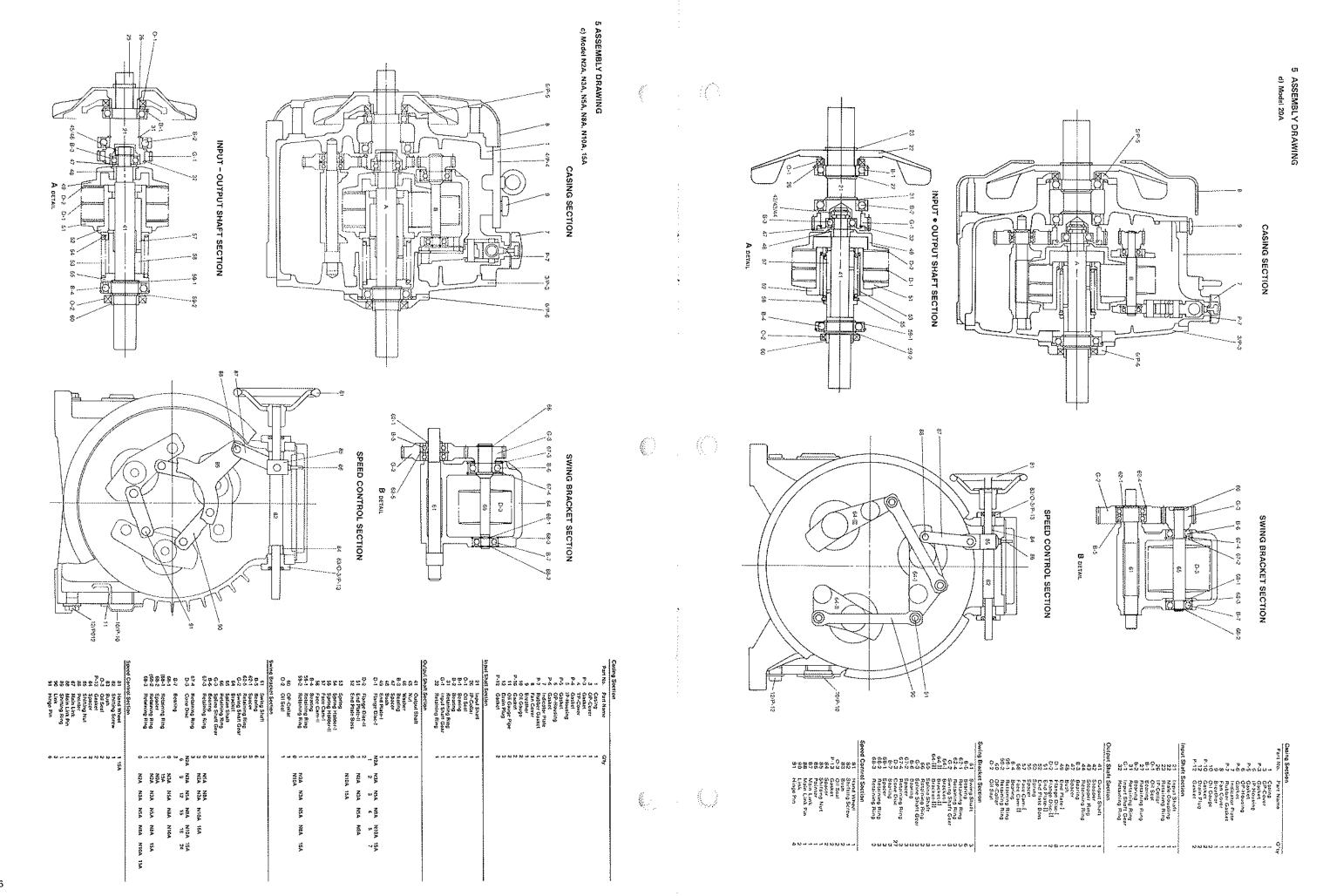
Sleeve withdrawer (for output shaft bearing of 30AV and larger)

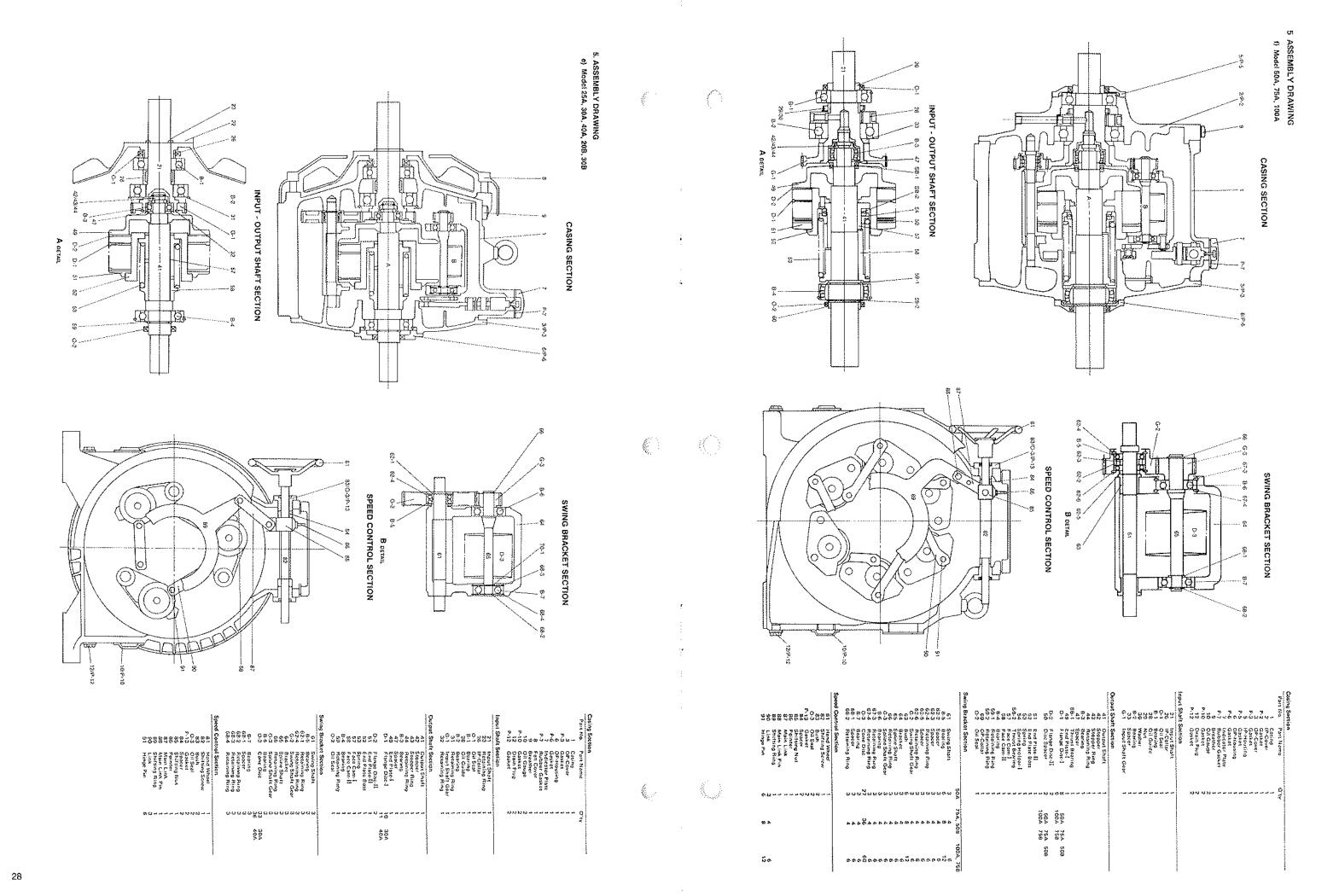


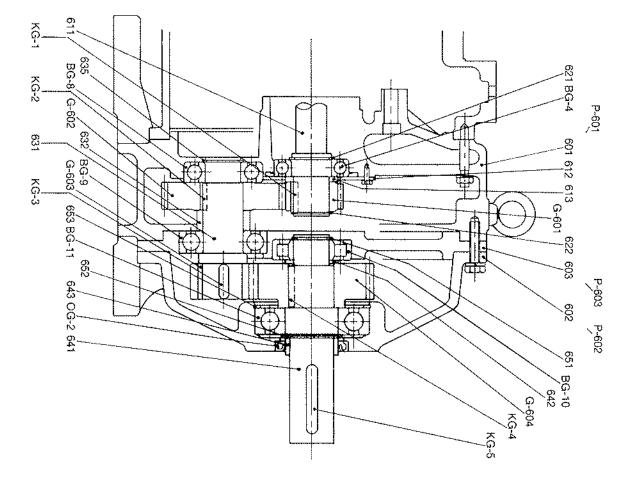
Specific purpose explained in procedures.

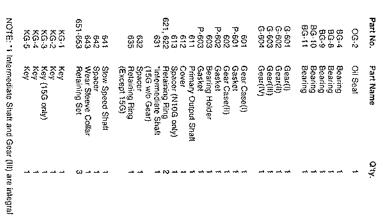








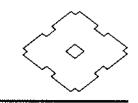


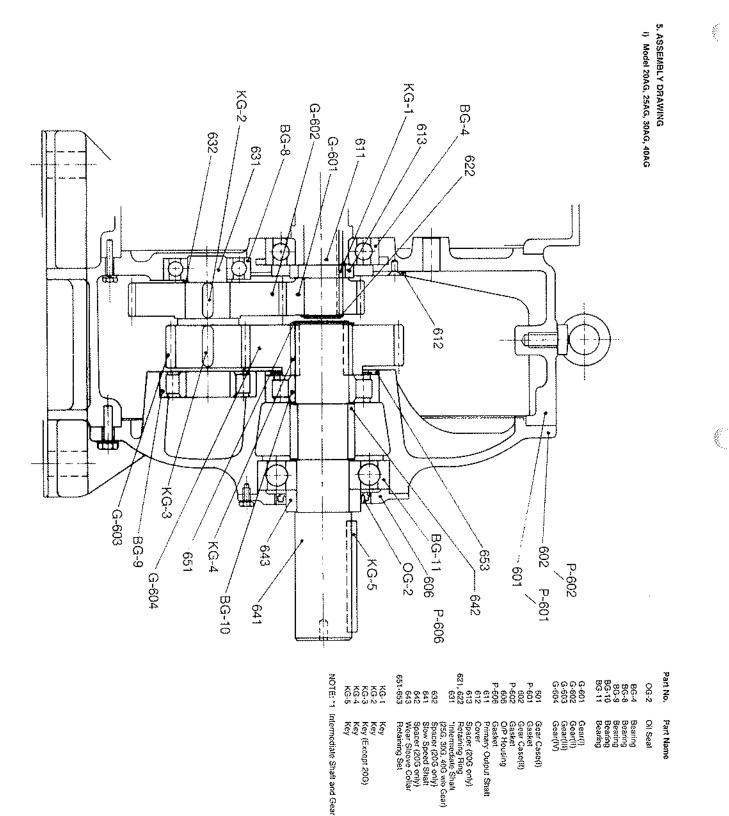


NOTE: 1	5.0X
NOTE: "I Intermediate Shaft and Gear (III) are integr	Key
e Shaft an	;
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) are integ	

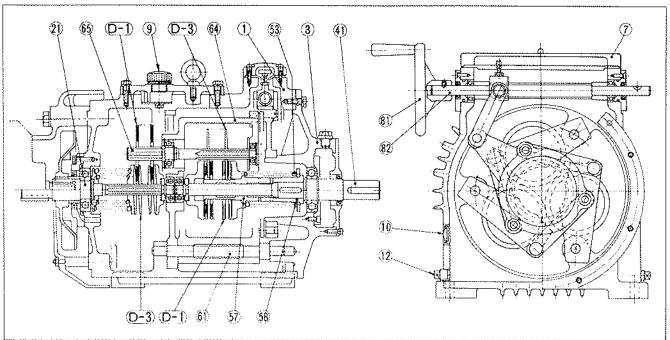
	613 621- 612- 612- 612- 612- 612- 612- 612-	5. ASSEMBLY DRAWING 9) Model N05AG, N1AG, N2AG, N3AG
P-601 P-602 643	KG-1 622 651 KG-4 G-504 653 652 KG-5 KG-1 622 651 KG-4 G-504 653 652 KG-5 KG-2 652 KG-5 652 KG-5 KG-1 622 651 KG-4 G-504 653 652 KG-5 KG-2 652 KG-504 653 652 KG-5 KG-2 652 KG-5 KG-	

56.55 6.85 6.85 6.85 6.85 6.85 6.85 6.85		P-601 P-602 P-602 P-602 P-602 611 613	96.4 96.8 86.9 86.10 96.11 9.602 9.602 9.603 9.603	Part No. OG-2
Xey Xey Xey Xey	"Intermediate Shaft Spacer Slow Speed Shaft Spacer Slow Speed Shaft Spacer Collar Weat Slowe Collar (N2G, N3G only) Retaining Set	Gear Case (!) Gasket Gear Case(!!) Gasket Primary Output Shaft Cover Spacer (N2G, N3G only) Britaining Rice	Searing Searing Searing Bearing Bearing Bearing Gear(f) Gear(f) Gear(f))	Part Name Oil Seal
	(Om mman)	V	na na see na na na na na na na	Q'ly.





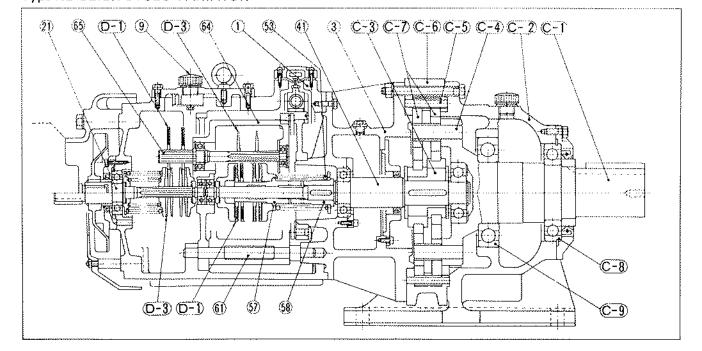
Basic ND Type BEIER VARIATOR



Main Parts

Part No.	Part Name	Part No.	Part Name	Part No.	Part Name	Part No.	Part Name
1	Casing	41	Output shaft (High speed shaft in Fig. 13)	81	Hand wheel	C-4	Slow speed shaft pin
3	Cover (flange cover in Fig. 13)	53	Spring Spring	82	Shifting screw	C-5	Ring gear pin
7	Indicator plate	57	Face cam I	D-1	Flange disc	C-6	Ring gear housing
9	Oil filler plug	58	Face cam II	D-3	Cone disc	C-7	Cycloid disc
10	Oil gauge	61	Swing shaft	C-1	Slow speed shaft	C-8	Slow speed shaft bearing A
12	Drain plug	64	Bracket (Arm)	C-2	Horizontal casing	C-9	Slow speed shaft bearing B
21	Input shaft	65	Spline shaft	C-3	Eccentric		

Type ND BEIER CYCLO VARIATOR



Forced Lubrication Type

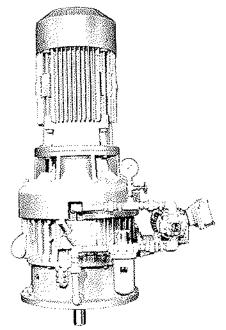
distributor ring is to be litted ween the bearing on the input It. Properly assemble this ring in bearings are replaced on seembly.

7. Vertical Units Disassembly/Reassembly

Vertical types of Beier Variator incorporate a different mounting style and lubrication system from the horizontal types and considerable differences prevail in the design of external components. However, the internal mechanism is almost identical with horizontal

type except for a few components related to lubrication and sealing mechanism. Therefore, please refer to the procedures and assembly drawing for horizontal units except for the specific precautions shown below.

DISASSEMBLY

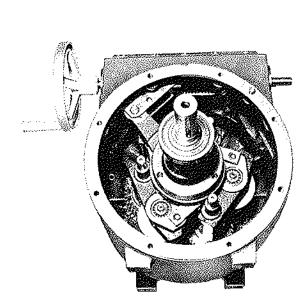


Note 1.

When the unit is equipped with external lubrication pump, this equipment should be removed prior to the disassembly of the main unit.

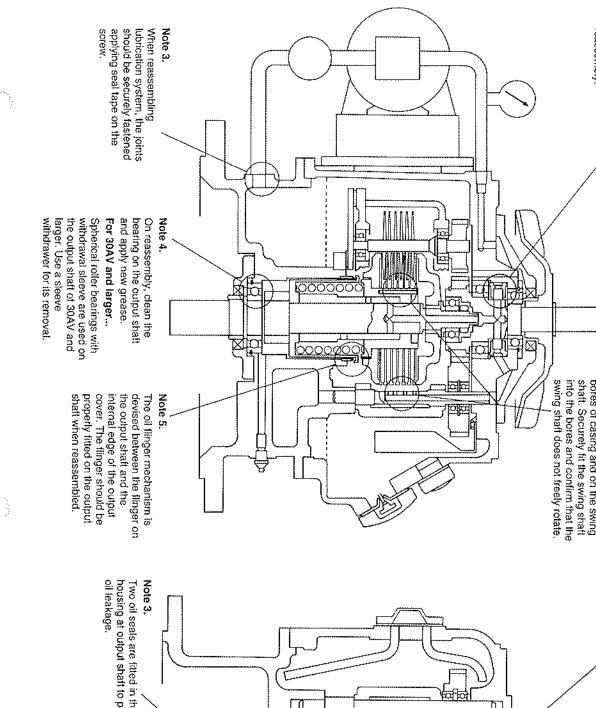
Disconnect piping at the pipe joints and remove motor/pump unit together with the base attached to the casing of Beier Variator.

Motor, adaptor (fan cover) and coupling on input shaft are also to be dismantled prior to disassembly..



After draining oil, remove output housing (oil seals fitted within), a retaining ring on the shaft bearing and the cover (with mounting flange) as shown above.

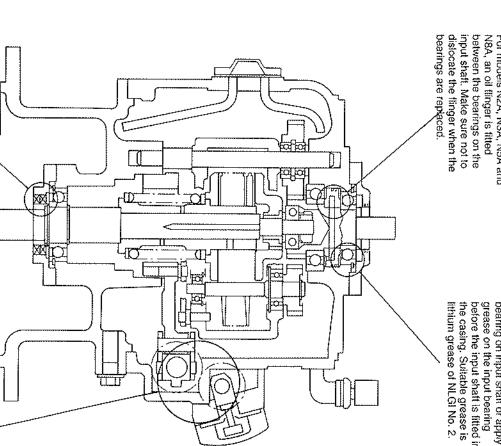
Please note that the casing and the cover are fitted with a dowel pin. When reassembled, the cover should be properly positioned at the pin.



Note 4.

Shitting nut and indication pointer are located on the separate screw shafts interrelated by spur gears mounted on the shafts.

Therefore, position of the pointer and the shifting nut is adjusted at factory. Do not disassemble this section unless actually required.



Note 2.

The access to the internal mechanism of Vertical unit can be done by removing the output cover from the casing.

				Basic Type	ype					គ	G-Type		
			Bearing			Oil Seal	Seal			Bearing			Oil Seal
Location	Input Shaft	Shaft	Output Shaft	t Shaft	Spline Swing	Input	Output	Output	Intermediate	ediate	s.s. Shaft	Shaft	S.S. Shaft
Part No.	8-1	B-2	B	B-4	B-5, 6, 7	0-1	0-2	BG-4	BG-8	6-9B	BG-10	BG-11	0G-2
N05AV N1AV	6003Z	6003	HSNB	6203NR		S25408	S26428 G26426	6203NR	6201	6202	6305	6305ZZ	S32457×2
N2AV N3AV	6305ZNR	6305	HK1612	6206NR		S35508	S40587×2	6206NR	6203	6203	6307	6307	S385811x2
N5AV N8AV	6307ZNR	6209	6302	6207NR	TABLE	S45629	S40587×2	6207NR	NJ305	NJ306	NJ306	6309	S456812×2
N10AV	6307NR	6210	6304	6208NR	AL TYPE	S45629	S507212	6209NR	6308	6309	NJ308	6312	S608212×2
15AV	6210ZNR	6212Z	6305	6310NR	ORIZONT	S628512	S558514	6211NR	908FN	6310	NU312	6315Z	S8511013
20AV	6213ZNR	6213Z	6306	6313NR	SEE H	S8511013	S609014	6312NR	NF211	6312	NU314	6317Z	S10513514
30AV 40AV	6314Z	6316Z	6307Z	222178K +AH317		S10012513	S659012	6313NR	NJ213	6313	NU317	6320Z	S11014014
50AV 100AV	6318ZNRS	6322ZZ	22310	23024BK +AH3024		S11014014	\$10513514						

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TABLE 4. Bearing and Oil Seal Table for Vertical Type

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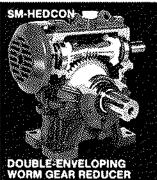


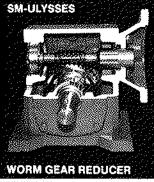














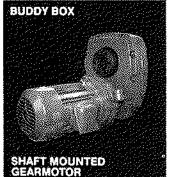




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